Headteacher: Mr M Grogan

St George's Central CE Primary School and Nursery

Phonics at St George's Central CE Primary School and Nursery

At St George's Central CE Primary School and Nursery, we aim to foster a love of language and reading and, therefore, attach great importance to enabling our children to become fluent readers.

In Nursery, Reception, Year 1 and Year 2 we follow the 'Letters and Sounds' phonics programme, supported by planning and resources from the Phonics Play website. This teaches children the sounds and tricky words needed to support them with their reading and writing. From Year Two this is then further supported by the National Curriculum spelling document, the Support for Spelling document and the Spelling Play website which teaches the children the basic skills needed to read and write words and refine their existing phonic knowledge.

Phonics is a method of teaching reading and writing where the children are systematically taught the relationships between the sounds in our language (phonemes) and the letters used to represent those sounds (graphemes). Once children have been taught which sounds are linked to which letters they can confidently attempt to read and write anything they wish.

Letters and Sounds is a phonics resource published by the Department for Education and Skills in 2007. It aims to build children's speaking and listening skills in their own right as well as to prepare children for learning to read by developing their phonic knowledge and skills. It sets out a detailed and systematic programme for teaching phonic skills for children starting by the age of five, with the aim of them becoming fluent readers by age seven.

At our school phonics is taught in Reception to Y2 in daily twenty minute sessions. Children are taught in flexible groups. Phonics teaching is also incorporated within daily English lessons in terms of developing and applying children's skills in reading and writing within the context of the English lesson.

See below for our:

*Phonics Progression for Nursery

*Phonics Term by Term Progression/Assessment for Reception to Y2

Phonics Progression for Nursery

Nursery

Nursery work through Phase One over the course of the year. This includes:

Aspect 1: General sound discrimination – environmental sounds

Aspect 2: General sound discrimination – instrumental sounds

Aspect 3: General sound discrimination – body percussion

Aspect 4: Rhythm and rhyme

Aspect 5: Alliteration

Aspect 6: Voice sounds

Aspect 7: Oral blending and segmenting

The aim is for children to experience regular, planned opportunities to listen carefully and talk extensively about what they hear, see and do. Each aspect is divided into three strands.

- 1: Tuning into sounds (auditory discrimination)
- 2: Listening and remembering sounds (auditory memory and sequencing)
- 3: Talking about sounds (developing vocabulary and language comprehension).

Activities within the seven aspects are designed to help children:

- 1. listen attentively;
- 2. enlarge their vocabulary;
- 3. speak confidently to adults and other children;
- 4. discriminate phonemes;
- 5. reproduce audibly the phonemes they hear, in order, all through the word;
- 6. use sound-talk to segment words into phonemes.

The ways in which practitioners and teachers interact and talk with children are critical to developing children's speaking and listening. This needs to be kept in mind throughout all phase one activities.

Phonics Term by Term Progression/Assessment for Reception to Y2				
Year	Autumn Expectations	Spring Expectations	Summer Expectations	
Group				
Reception	Phase 2 letters Set 1 through to Set 5	Phase 3 – children will be already be able to	Phase 3 Tricky words:	
	 Set 1 s, a, t, p 	blend and segment words contacting the 19	we me be was	
	 Set 2 i, n, m, d 	letters taught in Phase 2. Over the 12 weeks	no go my you	
	 Set 3 g, o, c, k 	25 new graphemes are introduced (one at a	they her all are	
	 Set 4 ck, e, u, r 	time)		
	 Set 5 h, b, f, ff, l, ll, ss 	• Set 6 j, v, w, x	Phase 4: Represent 42 phonemes with a	
	The children will begin to learn to blend and	• Set 7 y, z, zz, qu	grapheme.	
	segment to begin reading and spelling. This	• Consonant Diagraphs ch, sh, th, ng		
	will begin with simple words.	 Vowel Diagraphs ai, ee, igh, oa, oo, 		
		ar, or, ur, ow, oi, ear, air, ure, er		
Year 1	Phase 4 Consolidation (3-4 weeks)	Phase 5a Consolidation (5-6 weeks)	Phase 5a and 5b Consolidation (5-6 weeks)	
	 Revise phase 2 and 3 sounds and 	 Revise phase 5a graphemes. 	Revise phase 5a graphemes.	
	phase 4 tricky words.	 Children read words using phase 5a 	• Revise phase 5b alternative	
	 Read two syllable words e.g. 	graphemes fluently.	pronunciations of graphemes.	
	lunchbox.	 Children use phase 5a graphemes to 	Children read words using phase 5a	
	 Read and write words with initial 	spell both familiar and unfamiliar	graphemes and phase 5b alternative	
	and/or final blends e.g. st, nd, mp, nt,	words.	pronunciations fluently.	
	nk, ft, sk, lt, lp, tr, dr, gr, cr, br, fr, bl,	 Revise phase 5a tricky words. 	Children use phase 5a graphemes to spell	
	fl, gl, pl, cl, sl, sp, st, tw, sm, nch, shr,		both familiar and unfamiliar words.	
	str, thr	Phase 5b (5-6 weeks)	Children begin to apply their knowledge of	
		 Children explore alternative 	phase 5b alternative pronunciations when	
	Phase 5a- (9-10 weeks)	pronunciations of the graphemes	spelling familiar and unfamiliar words.	
	 Learn phase 5a graphemes. 	listed in the table below through	Revise phase 5a and phase 5b tricky words.	
		reading and spelling.		
		 Learn phase 5b tricky words 	Phase 5c (7-8 weeks)	
			Children continue to explore alternative	
			graphemes.	
			They begin to consider which grapheme to	
			select in order to correctly spell familiar	
			and unfamiliar words e.g. paint as opposed	
			to paynt; magic as opposed to majic.	

	Children begin to read words using	i o c g g pin or hot or coat or gap or	
	ay ou ie ea oy day out tie eat toy	mind cold cell magic u ow ie ea	
	ir ue aw wh ph girl blue saw when phonics	plug or owl or pie or bead or unit bowl chief head	
	new toe launch donkey time	er a y ch chin,	
	o_e a_e u_e e_e cone game tube eve	or herb acorn or gym or school or was very chef	
	 phase 5a graphemes. Children begin to use phase 5a graphemes to spell both familiar and unfamiliar words. Learn phase 5a tricky words. 	out, you, could or mould	
Year 2	 Phase 6: 'y' saying igh, 'wr' saying r 'dge' and 'ge' saying j 'gn' saying n 'kn' saying n 'le' saying l 'el' saying l 'al' and 'il' saying l Adding suffix -es, -ed, -er, -est and - ing to words ending in 'y'. Adding suffix -ed and -er to words ending in 'e' 	Phase 6: 'o' saying u, 'eer' saying ear 'ture' saying cher 'mb' saying m 'al' saying or 'ey' saying ee 'el' saying l 'al' and 'il' saying l 'war' saying wor Adding suffix —est, -and —y to words ending in 'e' Adding —er, -est or —y to CVC and CVCC words Adding —ment and —ness Contractions	Phase 6: • 's' for zh • 'wa' saying wo • 'qua' saying quo • 'tion' saying shun • Adding –ful, -less and -ly • Adding prefix dis- and un- • Homophones and Near Homophones • Recap and revisit spelling rules taught.